

9.1.0 ELECTRICAL PRINCIPLES

9.1.01 INTRODUCTION

This module unit is intended to equip the trainee with knowledge, skills and attitudes of electrical principles. The purpose of this module unit is to enable the trainee enhance their understanding of other areas of study in this course. Trainees need the knowledge of basic mathematics to facilitate their understanding of this module.

9.1.02 GENERAL OBJECTIVES

By the end of the module unit, the trainee should be able to;

- a) understand the principles of direct current circuits.
- b) acquire knowledge in the care and maintenance of chemical cells.
- c) understand concepts in electrostatics.
- d) understand the theory of magnetism and electromagnetism.
- e) Understand the principles of operation transformers.

9.1.023 MODULE SUMMARY AND TIME ALLOCATION

ELECTRICAL PRINCIPLES

Code	Sub-Module Unit	Content	Time Hrs		
			Theory	Pract	Total
9.1.1	Direct Current Circuits	Basic electrical quantities and their units Simple circuit diagrams. Ohm's law Determination of resistance of metal conductors Effects of temperature on resistance Kirchhoff's law	2	4	6

9.1.2	Introduction To Direct (D.C.) Generators And Motors	Construction of electric machines Operation of ac/dc machines Characteristics of static machines Types of d.c windings e.m.f equation	2	6	8
9.1.3	Alternating Current Circuits	Operation of circuits Effects of passive elements in a.c. power factor in a.c. circuits	2	2	4
9.1.4	Batteries	Faraday's laws of electrolysis Construction of batteries and their characteristics Batteries connections Charging methods Care and maintenance of batteries Effects of internal resistance on terminal voltage	2	2	4
9.1.5	Electronic Components	Construction of components Operation of components Characteristics of components Application of components	2	2	4
9.1.6	Semiconductor Theory	Atomic theory Classification of materials Intrinsic semiconductors Extrinsic semiconductors The p-n junction	2	2	4

9.1.7	Electrostatics	Electric fields Construction of capacitors Definitions of electrostatic quantities and units Determination of total capacitance Energy stored in a capacitor	2	4	6
9.1.8	Magnetism and Electromagnetism	Magnetic and non-magnetic materials Magnetic field patterns Force on current carrying conductor Magnetic circuit quantities Magnetism curve and hysteresis loop Electromagnetic induction Inductance in materials Total inductance	2	4	6
9.1.9	Transformers	Principle of operation of transformers Types of transformers and their applications Construction of different types of transformers Simple calculations on single phase transformers	2	8	10
9.1.10	Amplifiers	Transistor configuration Transistor characteristics Biasing methods Coupling methods Classes of amplifiers Distortion and noise in amplifiers Operational amplifiers	2	4	6

9.1.1 1	Power Supplies	Power regulation and stabilization Rectification Smoothing Processes methods Voltage multipliers and dividers Methods of power supply and protection	2	6	8
Total Time			22	44	66

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9.1.1	DIRECT CURRENT CIRCUITS	
	Theory	
9.1.1T0	<i>Specific Objectives</i> By the end of the sub-module unit, the trainee should be able to: a) explain the basic electrical quantities and their units b) draw and interpret simple circuit diagrams c) state Ohm's law to solve given electrical circuit problems d) determine the resistance of metal conductors e) explain the effects of temperature on resistance f) apply Kirchhoff's laws to solve given electrical circuit problems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> iv) Power in watts v) Energy in joules
		9.1.1T2 Simple circuit diagrams. i) The simple electric circuit ii) Resistor in parallel iii) Series – parallel connection iv) Resistors in series
		9.1.1T3 Ohm's law i) Statement ii) Verification iii) Resistance circuit calculations iv) Power and energy calculations
		9.1.1T4 Determination of resistance of metal conductors i) Resistivity ii) Conductivity iii) Length iv) Cross – sectional area
		9.1.1T5 Effects of temperature on resistance i) Definition of temperature coefficient of resistance ii) Positive and negative temperature coefficient iii) Simple calculations to any base temperature
		9.1.1T6 Kirchhoff's laws
	<i>Content</i>	
9.1.1T1	Basic electrical quantities and their units i) E.M.F in volts ii) Current in amperes iii) Resistance in ohms	

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Current law - Voltage law - Calculations 	9.1.1P2	Verification of Ohm's law
	Practice	9.1.1P3	Determination of conductor resistance <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) Resistance ii) Receptivity iii) length iv) Area
9.1.1P0	<p><i>Specific Objectives</i></p> <p>By the end of the sub-module unit, the trainee should be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) connect simple electrical circuits and measure various electrical quantities b) verify Ohm's law c) demonstrate that the resistance of material depends on area, length and resistivity d) verify Kirchhoff's law 	9.1.1P4	Verification of Kirchhoff's laws <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - current law - voltage law <p><i>Suggested Learning Resources</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dc power source - Assorted resistance - Measuring instruments - Bread boards
9.1.1C	<p><i>Competence</i></p> <p>The trainee should have the ability to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) Measure electrical quantities ii) Determine conductor resistance 		<p>9.1.2 INTRODUCTION TO DIRECT CURRENT (D.C.) GENERATORS AND MOTORS</p> <p>Theory</p>
9.1.1P1	<p>Content</p> <p>Measurement of electrical quantities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Current - Voltage - Resistance - Power 	9.1.2T0	<p><i>Specific Objectives</i></p> <p>By the end of the topic, the trainee should be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) explain the construction of electric machines b) describe the principle of

	operation of d.c./ac machines		characteristics
	c) explain characteristics of state machines and typical applications	9.1.2T6	- Torque - e.m.f equation
	d) describe different types of d.c. windings		
	e) derive e.m.f equation		
9.1.2C	<i>Competence</i> The trainee should have the ability to:		
	i) operate d.c. machines		
	ii) carry out maintenance of d.c. machines		
		9.1.2P0	<i>Specific Objectives</i> By the end of the topic, the trainee should be able to:
			a) Operate d.c. machines
			b) Carry out maintenance of d.c. machines
		9.1.2P1	<i>Content</i> Operation of d.c. machines
			- Starting methods
			- Voltage regulation
			- Speed control
9.1.2T1	<i>Content</i> Construction of electric machines armature	9.1.2P2	Maintenance of d.c. machines
	i. Commutator		
	ii. Windings		
	iii. Electromagnetic induction		
	iv. Armature reaction		
	v. Excitation		
9.1.2T2	operation of d.c./a.c machines		
9.1.2T3	characteristics of state machines		
9.1.2T4	types of d.c. windings		
9.1.2T5	Compound wound		
	- Starting resistors		
	- Speed		
			<i>Suggested Learning Resources</i>
			- Lab equipment and tools
			- D.C. motor
			- Ac motor
			- Electrical instruments
			- D.C. generators
			- D.C. conductors
			- Electronic d.c. motor starters
			- Face plate starters
			- Drum starters

	- Workshop tools		vii) Install power factor correction equipment
9.1.3	ALTERNATING CURRENT CIRCUIT		viii) Operate ac generator
	Theory		
			<i>Content</i>
9.1.3T0	<i>Specific Objectives</i> By the end of the topic the trainee should be able to:	9.1.3T1	Operation of a.c. circuits
	a) explain the principle of operation of a.c. circuits	9.1.3T2	Effects of passive elements in a.c. circuits
	b) explain the effects of various passive elements in a current		i) Wave forms
	c) Determine power factor in a.c. circuits		ii) Amplitude
			iii) Phase angle
			iv) Period
			v) Root mean square value
			vi) Average value
			vii) Frequency
		9.1.3T3	Power factor in a.c. circuits
			Practice
9.1.3C	Competence The Trainee should have the ability to:	9.1.3P0	<i>Specific Objectives</i> By the end of the topic the trainee should be able to:
	i) Determine power factor.		a) generate a series wave
	ii) Calculate power in ac currents		b) establish the feature of an a.c. wave form.
	iii) Explain the principle of		c) perform experiment to show effect of power factor
	iv) operation of ac generation		
	v) Perform power factor improvement		

- d) identify components of an a.c. generator
- e) verify the effects of passive elements in a.c. circuits

Content

- 9.1.3T1 Wave generation
- 9.1.3T2 Features of an a.c. waveform
- 9.1.3T3 Power factor
- 9.1.3T4 Components of an a.c. generator
- 9.1.3T5 Passive elements in a.c. circuits

Suggested Learning Resources

Charts

- Graph
- Calculations
- Cathode Ray Oscilloscope
- Multimeter
- a.c. generator kit
- a.c. generator

9.1.4 **BATTERIES**

Theory

- 9.1.4T0 Specific Objectives
By the end of the sub-module unit, the trainee should be able to:

- a) State Faraday's laws of electrolysis
- b) Explain the construction of cells and their characteristics
- c) state methods of cell connections
- d) explain charging methods of batteries
- e) explain care and maintenance of batteries
- f) explain the effects of internal resistance on terminal voltage

9.1.4C *Competence*

The trainee should have the ability to:

- i) Charge batteries
- ii) Maintain batteries

Content

- 9.1.4T1 Faraday's laws of electrolysis
 - 1st law
 - 2nd law
- 9.1.4T2 Construction of cells and their characteristics
 - Primary – Leclanche batteries
 - Secondary – lead Acid batteries

9.1.4T3	-Alkaline batteries batteries connections i) series connection ii) parallel connection iii) series – parallel iv) connections v) simple calculations	b) demonstrate various charging methods c) determine the internal resistance of batteries and show its effect on d) terminal voltage e) carry out light maintenance on a battery
9.1.4T4	Charging methods i) constant current ii) constant voltage iii) trickle charge iv) booster charge v) battery ratings vi) simple calculations	<i>Content</i>
9.1.4T5	Care and maintenance of batteries i) specific gravity ii) electrolyte level iii) terminal voltage iv) safety precautions v) storage	9.1.4P1 Measurements of total voltage and current in series and parallel connected batteries 9.1.4P2 Demonstration of various charging methods 9.1.4P3 Effects of internal resistance on terminal voltage of batteries 9.1.4P4 Maintenance of batteries
9.1.4T6	Effects of internal resistance on terminal voltage – simple calculations	<i>Suggested Learning Resources</i> - Various batteries - Sulphuric acid - Distilled water - Battery chargers - Test instruments
Practice		
9.1.4P0	<i>Specific Objectives</i> By the end of the sub-module unit, the trainee should be able to: a) measure total voltage and current of batteries connected in series and parallel	

9.1.5 **ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS**

Practice

9.1.5T0 *Specific Objectives*
By the end of the sub-module unit, the trainee should be able to:

- a) explain the construction of various components
- b) explain the operation of various electronic components
- c) explain characteristics of various electronic components
- d) state the application of various electronic component

9.1.5C *Competence*
The trainee should have the ability to:

- a) identify electronic components
- b) test electronic components
- c) determine component value and rating

Content

9.1.5T1 Construction of electronics components
i) Resistors
ii) Capacitors

- iii) Inductors
- iv) Diodes
- v) Bi polar transistor (BJT)
- vi) Field effect transistors (FETS)
- vii) Triacs
- viii) Thyristors (SCR)
- ix) Photo conductive cells
- x) Photo diodes
- xi) Photo transistors
- xii) Light emitting diodes
- xiii) (LED)
- xiv) Liquid crystal display (LCD)
- xv) Integrated circuits
- xvi) (ICS)

9.1.5T2 Operation of electronic components

9.1.5T3 Characteristics of electronic components

9.1.5T4 Applications of electronic components

Practice

9.1.5P0 *Specific Objectives*
By the end of the sub-module unit, the trainee should be able to:

- a) identify various electronic components
- b) determine values and ratings of electronic components

- c) test various electronic components

Content

9.1.5P1 Identification of various electronic components

9.1.5P2 Values and ratings of electronic components

- Component size
- Colour code
- Component Data

9.1.5P3 Testing of electronic component

- i) Short circuit
- ii) Open circuit
- iii) Change in value
- iv) leakage

Suggested Learning

Resources

- various components
- breadboard
- measuring instruments
- various electronic tools
- connecting leads

9.1.6 **SEMICONDUCTORS**

Practice

9.1.6T0 *Specific Objectives*

By the end of the sub-module unit, the trainee should be able to:

- a) explain atomic theory

- b) classify materials using the energy band diagram

- c) explain extrinsic semiconductors

- d) explain the p-n junction

9.1.6C *Competence*

The trainee should have the ability to:

- i) identify diodes terminals
- ii) connect a diode in a circuit
- iii) determine diode characteristics

Content

9.1.6T 1 Atomic theory

- i) Element
- ii) Compound
- iii) Periodic table
- iv) Protons
- v) Neutrons
- vi) Electrons
- vii) Orbit

9.1.6T 2 Classification of materials

- Conductor
- Semiconductors
- Insulators

9.1.6T 3 Intrinsic semiconductors

- i) Silicon
- ii) Germanium
- iii) Covalent bonds
- iv) Electron hole pair
- v) generation/
- vi) recombination

	vii) Intrinsic conduction		-Cathode
9.1.6T4	Extrinsic semiconductors	9.1.6P2	Connection of a diode in a circuit
	i) Doping		Polarity
	ii) N- type semiconductor		- Voltage levels
	iii) P- type semiconductor		- establish transistor configuration
	iv) Extrinsic conduction	9.1.6P3	Characteristics of p-n junction diode
9.1.6T 5	The P-N junction		-Forward
	-Formation of the junction		-Reverse
	-Depletion layer		
	-Forward bias		
	<i>Practice</i>		<i>Suggested Learning Resources</i>
9.1.6P0	Specific Objectives		- Junction diodes
	By the end of the sub-module unit the trainee should be able to:		- Measuring instruments
	a) identify the terminals of a p-n junction diode		- Connecting leads
	b) connect the P-N junction diode circuit		- Power supply units
	c) determine the characteristics of the P-N junction diode		- Accessories
			- Electronic tool kit
			- Bread boards
		9.1.7	ELECTROSTATIC
			Practice
		9.1.7T0	Specific Objectives
			By the end of the sub-module unit, the trainee should be able to:
			a) explain the concept of electric fields
			b) explain the construction of capacitors and their applications
	<i>Content</i>		
9.1.6P1	Identification of the terminals of a P-N junction diode		
	-Anode		

	c) define the electrostatic quantities		Variable capacitor
	d) determine the total capacitance for various capacitor connections	9.1.7T3	Applications Definitions of electrostatic quantities and units
	e) derive and apply the formula for energy stored in a capacitor		(i) Electric flux (ii) Electric flux density (iii) Electric field intensity (iv) Permittivity (v) Capacitance (vi) Charge
9.1.7C	<i>Competence</i> The trainee should have the ability to:		
	i) Identify capacitors	9.1.7T4	Determination of total capacitance
	ii) Measure capacitance		Series connection Parallel Series-parallel connection
	iii) Test capacitance		Calculations
	iv) Apply capacitors in electrical circuits	9.1.7T5	Energy stored in a capacitor $E = \frac{1}{2} CV^2$ joules calculations
	<i>Content</i>		
9.1.7T1	Electric fields		<i>Practice</i>
	Electric flux		
	Charge		
	Potential gradient	9.1.7P0	<i>Specific Objectives</i>
9.1.7T2	Construction of capacitors and applications		By the end of the sub-module unit, the trainee should be able to:
	Paper capacitors		a) identify various types of capacitors
	Electrolytic capacitors		b) measure capacitance in various connections
	Ceramic capacitors		c) test a capacitor
	Aluminium foil capacitor		
	Polyester capacitor		
	Tantalum capacitor		
	Multiplate capacitor		

	<i>Content</i>	
9.1.7P0	Identification of capacitors	d) define the magnetic circuit quantities and their electric circuit equivalents
9.1.7P1	Measurement of capacitance	
9.1.7P2	Testing of capacitance	e) explain the magnetization curve and hysteresis loop
	<i>Suggested Learning Resources</i>	f) explain the concept of electromagnetic induction
	- Assorted capacitors	g) explain inductance in materials
	- Test instruments	h) determine total inductance
	- Bread boards	
9.1.8	MAGNETISM AND ELECTROMAGNETISM	
	Practice	
9.1.8T0	<i>Specific Objectives</i> By the end of the sub-module unit, the trainee should be able to: a) distinguish between magnetic and non-magnetic materials explain the b) concepts of magnetic field c) explain the concept of force on a current carrying conductor in a magnetic field and its applications	9.1.8C <i>Competence</i> The trainee should have the ability to: i. construct an electromagnet ii. apply magnets in the engineering field
9.1.8T1	<i>Content</i> Magnetic and non-magnetic materials - Molecular arrangements - Field patterns	
9.1.8T 2	Magnetic field patterns i) Permanent magnets ii) Electromagnets iii) Single wire iv) Loop of wire v) Solenoid	

9.1.8T3	Force on current carrying conductor $F = BIL$ Practical applications	Practice
9.1.8T4	Magnetic circuit quantities and their electrical equivalents i) Magnetic flux ii) Magneto motive force (m.m.f) iii) Reluctance iv) Permeability v) Series vi) Parallel	9.1.8P0 <i>Specific Objectives</i> By the end of the sub-module unit, the trainee should be able to; a) construct electromagnets b) use magnets in engineering applications c) plot a B-H curve d) verify the principle of electromagnetic induction
9.1.8T5	Magnetization curve and hysteresis loop B –H curve Hysteresis loop Remnant flux Coercive force Saturation Energy	<i>Content</i> 9.1.8P1 Construction of electromagnets Ferrous materials Wire Power source
9.1.8T6	Electromagnetic induction Self induction Mutual induction Faraday's Laws Lenz's Laws Direction of induced e.m.f	9.1.8P2 Use of magnets Bells Speakers Solenoids
9.1.8T7	Inductance in materials Definition Unit of inductance Inductors in series aiding Energy stored in inductance Calculations	9.1.8P 3 Plotting of B-H curve 9.1.8P 4 Verification of the principle of electromagnetic induction.
9.1.8T8	Total inductance	<i>Suggested Learning Resources</i> - Permanent magnets - Electromagnets - Power

	- Wires		Coupling efficiency
	- Bells		Losses
9.1.9	TRANSFORMERS	9.1.9T2	Types of transformers and their applications
	Theory		Single – Phase transformers
9.1.9T0	<i>Specific Objectives</i> By the end of the sub-module unit, the trainee should be able to:		Power transformers
	a) explain the principle of operation of a transformer		Audio transformers
	b) explain the various types of transformers	9.1.9T3	R.F
	c) explain the construction of different types of transformers		Auto transformers
	d) explain applications of transformers		Three phase transformers
9.1.9C	<i>Competence</i> The trainee should have the ability to:	9.1.9T4	Isolating transformers
	i) Test transformers		Construction of different types of transformers
	ii) Construct a single phase transformer		Core type
			Shell type
			Windings
			Simple calculations on single phase transformers
			Transformers ratios
			Efficiency
			Applications of transforms
			Practice
	<i>Content</i>	9.1.9P0	<i>Specific Objectives</i>
9.1.9T1	Principle of operation of a transformer		By the end of the sub-module unit, the trainee should be able to:
	Electromagnetic induction		a) carry out transformer tests
	Magnetic circuit		b) construct a single phase transformer
	Inductance		
			<i>Content</i>
		9.1.9P1	Transformer tests

9.1.9P2	Transformer construction		amplifier operations g) explain the operation of operational amplifiers
	<i>Suggested Teaching/learning resources</i> - Various types of transformers - Wires - Electrical measuring instruments - Electrical tools	9.1.10C	<i>Competence</i> The trainee should have the ability to: i) Connect and operate various amplifiers circuits ii) Measure various amplifier parameters iii) Construct various amplifiers
9.1.10	AMPLIFIERS		
	Practice		
9.1.10T0	<i>Specific objectives</i>		
	By the end of the sub-module unit, this trainee should be able to:	9.1.10T1	<i>Content</i> Transistor configuration - common base - common emitter - common collector
	a) state the types of transistor configurations	9.1.10T2	Characteristics of transistors - Input characteristics - Output characteristics - transfer characteristics
	b) explain the various characteristics of transistors	9.1.10T3	Biasing methods -Fixed bias -Collector base bias -Potential divider bias -Emitter bias
	c) explain biasing methods of transistor	9.1.10T4	Coupling methods
	d) explain various coupling methods		
	e) explain distortion and noise in amplifiers		
	f) explain different classes of		

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - R.C coupling - Transformer coupling - direct coupling - matching 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> b) perform various measurements and tests on an amplifier c) construct various amplifiers
9.1.10T5	Distortion and noise in amplifiers	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) Harmonic distortion ii) Frequency distortion iii) Inter modulation distortion iv) Amplitude distortion v) Transistor noise 	
9.1.10T6	Classes of amplifiers	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Class A -Class B -Class C 	
9.1.10T7	Operational amplifiers definitions and terminology	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Characteristics of op-amps ▪ Applications of op-amps 	
	Practice	
9.1.10P0	Specific Objectives	
	By the end of the sub-module unit, the trainee should be able to:	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) connect and operate various circuits 	
		Content
		9.1.10P1 Connection and operation of amplifiers
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) Different biasing methods ii) Different coupling methods iii) Different classes of operation
		9.1.10P2 Measurements and tests
		Input signal levels
		Output signal levels
		Distortion
		Bias voltage
		Bias current
		Waveforms
		Power
		9.1.10P3 Construction of amplifiers
		<i>Suggested Learning Resources</i>
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Transistors - Op-amps
		Measuring instruments
		Catalogue and data books
		Power supply units
		Connecting leads
		Electronic tool kit

	Training kits Bread boards		ii) Test and measure power supply parameters
9.1.11	POWER SUPPLY CIRCUITS		
	Practice		
9.1.11T0	<i>Specific Objectives</i> By the end of the sub-module unit, the trainee should be able to:		<i>Content</i>
	a) explain the principles of power regulation and stabilization	9.1.11T1	Power regulation and stabilization - Zener diode regulator - Transistor regulator - IC regulator
	b) explain the rectification processes	9.1.11T2	Methods of power rectification - Half wave - Full wave - Methods of smoothing - Full wave bridge
	c) explain different methods of smoothing	9.1.11T3	Smoothing methods - Reservoir capacitor R – C filter - Pie filter
	d) explain the operation of voltage multipliers and dividers	9.1.11T4	Voltage multipliers and dividers - Double - Triplex - quadruple
	e) explain the methods of power supply protection.	9.1.11T5	Methods of power supply protection Fuses Current limiting
9.1.11C	<i>Competence</i> The trainee should have ability to:		Practice
	i) Construct basic power supply circuits	9.1.11P0	<i>Specific Objectives</i> By the end of the sub-module unit, the

- trainee should be able to:
- construct half and full wave rectifier circuits
 - construct filter network circuits
 - build simple regulator circuit
 - test and measure various supply parameters

D.C. out put on load
Load current
Ripple

Suggested Learning Resources

- Transformers
- Rectifiers
- Filters
- Regulators
- Instruments
- Charts

Content

- 9.1.11P1 Construction of rectifier circuit
Half wave
Full wave
Full wave bridge
- 9.1.11P2 Construction of smoothing circuits
Reservoir capacitor
R – C filter
Pie filter
- 9.1.11P3 Construction of power supply regulators
Zener diode regulator
Transistor regulator
IC regulator
Construction of voltage multipliers
Double
Triplex
Quadrupler
- 9.1.11P4 Tests and measurements of supply parameters
D.C .out put on no load